Year group: 2 Term: Autumn 2

Focus Subject: Geography

Key Vocabulary:

Map, route, key, journey, map symbol, aerial view, title, globe, atlas, city, countryside, town, farm, compass, sketch map, country, ocean, sea, north, south, east, west, continent, Pacific Ocean, Atlantic Ocean, Indian Ocean, Arctic Ocean, Antarctic Ocean

BIG Question: Where in the world am I?

Computing: As programmers, we will

Learners will learn to recognise that different devices can be used to capture photographs and will gain experience capturing, editing, and improving photos. Finally, they will use this knowledge to recognise that images they see may not be real.

Practise at Home:

Timetables Rockstars

School Jam

Common exception words weekly spellings

Daily reading



Cultural Capital/Trips/Local Area and Opportunities for **Outdoor Learning:**

Walking around Bodmin, visiting church in RE lessons (Baptism)

Relationships and Health Education:

Children will learn that:

• We are created individually by God

RE: as theologians, we will:

and worship

Engagement and response learning from:

Say what they wonder about

Ask wondering questions

Knowledge and Understanding learning about:

Recognise some religious stories

- God wants us to talk to Him often through the day and treat Him as our best
- God has created us, His children, to know, love and serve Him
- We are created as a unity of body, mind and spirit: who we are matters and

Retell, in any form, a narrative that corresponds to the scripture source used

Describe some of the actions and choices of believers that arise because of

Describe some religious symbols and the steps involved in religious actions

Talk about their own feelings, experiences and the things that matter to

Ask and respond to questions about their own and others' feelings

Recognise that people act in a particular way because of their beliefs

Recognise some religious signs and symbols used in worship

We can give thanks to God in different ways

Substantive and Disciplinary Knowledge Progression:

Examples of solids, liquids and gases

Describe melting

Observing different examples of melting

Defining a mixture

Testing different mixtures

Insoluble and soluble solids

Observing different examples

Sorting mixtures by hand, sieving and magnetism

Choosing the appropriate method to separate mixtures

Science: As scientists, we will:

How to identify solids, liquids and gases

PE: As athletes, we will:

- master basic movements including running, jumping, throwing and catching, as well as developing balance, agility and co-ordination, and begin to apply these in a range of activities
- participate in team games, developing simple tactics for attacking and defending
- perform dances using simple movement

As Musicians, we will:

In this unit, we ask 'How Does Music Teach Us About the Past?' as an entry point for the broad Social Theme of 'Music Is a Storyteller and Time Traveller'. Aside from considering how music relates to history, stories, our past (and our future!), this theme is relevant to learning topics such as cultural identity, changing ideas and inventions over time, creativity, film, TV, communication and other topics as you, the teacher, see fit.

English: As readers and writers, we will:

develop positive attitudes towards and stamina for writing

 writing narratives about personal experiences and those of others (real and fictional)

- writing poetry
- writing for different purposes information books/instructions
- consider what they are going to write before beginning
- planning or saying out loud what they are going to write about
- writing down ideas and/or key words, including new vocabulary
- encapsulating what they want to say, sentence by sentence
- make simple additions, revisions and corrections to their own writing by:
- evaluating their writing with the teacher and other pupils re-reading to check that their writing makes sense and that verbs to indicate time are used correctly and
- consistently, including verbs in the continuous form proof-reading to check for errors in spelling, grammar and punctuation [for example, ends of sentences
- punctuated correctly] read aloud what they have written with appropriate intonation to make the meaning clear

Geography: As geographers, we will:

Draw routes between locations on playground on squared paper using scale 1 square: 1 pace (or 1 metre, if pupils have learned this in maths by this stage in Y2)

Draw a sketch map of a route with some approximate scale and features in correct order

Use and interpret 4 compass points

Using an atlas to find places within the UK, around the world and locating the World's five main oceans.

The UK and our local area have daily weather patterns. - Examples of weather include sunny, rainy, windy, warm, cold, cloudy, drizzle, snow, stormy (with thunder and lightning) Weather is a description of what the conditions are like in a particular place. We can gather information about the weather in a particular place, Identify patterns (in the weather)

Carry out

Maths: As mathematicians, we will

Recall and use addition and subtraction facts to 20 fluently and derive and use related facts up to 100

Add and subtract numbers using concrete objects, pictorial representations and mentally, including: a two-digit number and ones; a two-digit number and tens; two two-digit numbers; adding three one-digit numbers

Show that the addition of two numbers can be done in any order (commutative) and subtraction of one number from another

Solve problems with addition and subtraction; using concrete objects and pictorial representations, including those involving numbers, quantities and measures; applying their increasing knowledge of mental and written methods

This unit focuses on the properties of 2D and 3D shapes. Children will learn to describe and sort shapes based on the shapes' mathematical properties, using the correct terminology. Children will also draw on their counting skills and their ability to compare and order numbers. In this unit, children will learn to describe and categorise shapes based on their number of sides, vertices, edges and faces.

Art: As artists, we will:

- to use a range of materials creatively to design and make products
- to use drawing, painting and sculpture to develop and share their ideas, experiences and imagination
- to develop a wide range of art and design techniques in using colour, pattern, texture, line, shape, form and
- to know about the work of a range of artists, craft makers and, describing the differences and similarities between different practices and disciplines, and making links to their own work.



Half term overview

St. Mary's Catholic Primary

Term: Year 2 – Autumn Term 2

Focus: Geography Teacher: Lesley McNulty

Dates	W/C 31 st Oct	W/C 6 th Nov	W/C 13 th Nov	W/C 20 th Nov	W/C 27 th Nov	W/C 4 th Dec	W/C 11 th Dec	W/C 18 th Dec
Events	Maths INSET – 30 th SIO – 1 st Nov Whole School Mass	7 th & 8 th – Parents meetings 9 th - LMcN and AC out at Mawnan Smith Maths Mastery 10 th – World Science Day	17 th - Ross Barnes in - Teaching for Maths Mastery to see LMcN/AC 16 th - Cinema pm with Year 1 and Year 3		XMAS PLAY PRACTISE IN HALL Year 2 – Mass in church	7 th – Christmas Jumper Day 8 th – Dress Rehearsal XMAS PLAY PRACTISE IN HALL	11 th and 12 th – KS1 Christmas Play 2pm-3pm 13 th – Christmas Dinner Day and Christmas Party afternoon Whole School Mass - Thurs	19 th – Last day
English	Narrative – Little Red Riding Hood (Journey/Quest Genre) EXPLORE	Narrative – Little Red Riding Hood (Journey/Quest Genre) LANGUAGE AND VOCABULARY STAGE – short burst writing grammar	Narrative – Little Red Riding Hood (Journey/Quest Genre) INNOVATE week	Narrative – Little Red Riding Hood (Journey/Quest Genre) INVENT week	Instructions on how to catch a wolf	Instructions on how to catch a wolf	Christmas Poetry	Christmas Craft Days
Spelling	Year 1 common exception words Year 2 common exception words	Year 1 common exception words Year 2 common exception words	Year 1 common exception words Year 2 common exception words	Year 1 common exception words Year 2 common exception words	Year 1 common exception words Year 2 common exception words	Year 1 common exception words Year 2 common exception words	Year 1 common exception words Year 2 common exception words	
Maths	Power Maths – Unit 2 (Addition & subtraction 1) Add across a 10 Subtract across a 10 Subtract from a 10 Subtracting a 1-digit number from a 2-digit number (1)	Power Maths – Unit 2 (Addition & subtraction 1) Subtracting a 1- digit number from a 2-digit number (2) End of unit assessment – strengthening and deepening activities Power Maths – Unit 3 (Addition & subtraction 2) 10 more, 10 less Add and subtract 10's Adding two 2-digit numbers – add 10s and add 1s	Add two 2-digit numbers – add more 10s then more 1s Subtracting a 2-digit number from a 2-digit number – not across 10 Subtracting a 2-digit number from a nother 2-digit number from another 2-digit number – across 10 How many more? How many fewer? Subtraction – find the difference	Power Maths – Unit 3 (Addition & subtraction 2) Compare number sentences Missing number problems Mixed addition and subtraction Two step problems Optional column method lessons Adding two 2-digit numbers (1)	Power Maths – Unit 3 (Addition & subtraction 2) Optional column method lessons • Adding two 2-digit numbers (2) • Subtracting a 2-digit number from another 2-digit number (4) • End of unit assessment-strengthening and deepening activities	Power Maths – Unit 4 (Properties of shape) Recognise 2d and 3d shapes Count sides on 2d shapes Count vertices on 2d shapes Draw 2d shapes Lines of symmetry on shapes Sort 2d shapes	Power Maths – Unit 4 (Properties of shape) • Make patterns with 2d shapes • Count faces on 3D shapes • Count edges on 3D shapes • Count vertices on 3D shapes • Sort 3d Shapes	

Science	What are the differences between solids, liquids and gases? Examples of solids, liquids and gases How to identify solids, liquids and gases	What happens when you heat a solid? Describe melting Observing different examples of melting	Which mixture makes the best bubbles? Defining a mixture Testing different mixtures	What happens when I mix a solid and liquid together? Insoluble and soluble solids Observing different examples	How can I separate a mixture? Sorting mixtures by hand, sieving and magnetism Choosing the appropriate method to separate mixtures	Are there some changes we can't reverse? Reversible vs irreversible changes Examples of irreversible changes e.g. cooking	Assessment task
RE	Lesson 3 – REVEAL - LEARNING FOCUS 2: Signs and symbols: the welcome Lesson 4 – REVEAL - LEARNING FOCUS 3: Signs and symbols: baptism with water	Baptism Lesson 5 – REVEAL - LEARNING FOCUS 4: Signs and Symbols: anointing with the oil of Chrism. Lesson 6 – REVEAL - LEARNING FOCUS 5: Signs and symbols: the white garment.	Baptism Lesson 7 – REVEAL - LEARNING FOCUS 6: Signs and symbols: The Baptismal candle Lesson 8 – RESPOND -	Lesson 1 – EXPLORE - LEARNING INTENSION: Preparing for special times. Lesson 2 – REVEAL - LEARNING FOCUS 1: Advent: the time to prepare for the birth of Jesus.	Lesson 3 – REVEAL - LEARNING FOCUS 2: Isaiah, tells of the promised one. (Isaiah 9: 2, 6) Lesson 4 – REVEAL - LEARNING FOCUS 3: The Annunciation (Luke: 1:26- 31,38)	Lesson 5 – REVEAL - LEARNING FOCUS 4: The Visitation (Luke: 1:39-45) Lesson 6 – REVEAL - LEARNING FOCUS 5: Mary and Joseph prepare for the birth of the baby (Luke: 2: 1-7)	Lesson 7 – REVEAL - LEARNING FOCUS 6: Jesus comes to us as God's loving gift Lesson 8 – RESPOND -
Art	Lesson 1: Drawing from image and film How can I record the things I see in photos or film?	Lesson 2: Drawing small How can I create drawings of tiny objects?	Lesson 3: Introducing mono print What is a mono print?	Lesson 4 & 5: Explore a theme or narrative How can I make a mono print that explores a theme?	Lesson 4 & 5: Explore a theme or narrative How can I make a mono print that explores a theme?	Lesson 6: Reflect, share, and discuss How can I reflect on my mono prints?	
Music	Focus on Dynamics and Tempo Unit 2 – How Does Music Teach Us about the Past? Step 1 – Sparkle in the Sun (Part 1)	Focus on Dynamics and Tempo Unit 2 – How Does Music Teach Us about the Past? Step 2 – Sparkle in the Sun (Part 2)	Focus on Dynamics and Tempo Unit 2 – How Does Music Teach Us about the Past? Step 3 – Listen (Part 1)	Focus on Dynamics and Tempo Unit 2 – How Does Music Teach Us about the Past? Step 4 – Listen (Part 2)	Focus on Dynamics and Tempo Unit 2 – How Does Music Teach Us about the Past? Step 5 – The Orchestra Song	Focus on Dynamics and Tempo Unit 2 – How Does Music Teach Us about the Past? Step 6 - Assessment	

PE	Friday - KS1 Games 2 Session 1 Can you roll and stop a ball?	Monday - Dance – Celebration Session 1 Can you use large body actions and small body actions to create a dance about a cat? Friday - KS1 Games 2 Session 2 Can you throw and catch a ball whilst on the move?	Monday - Dance - Celebration Session 2 Can you develop and remember movement actions for a dance? Can you include a change in levels and speed within your dance? Friday - KS1 Games 2 Session 3 Can you control a ball whilst on the move?	Monday - Dance - Celebration Session 3 Can you develop a Chinese New Year Dragon dance? Friday - KS1 Games 2 Session 4 Can you bounce a ball?	Monday - Dance - Celebration Session 4 Can you develop a winter dance showing different snow shapes and travel movements? Friday - KS1 Games 2 Session 5 Can you bounce a ball whilst on the move?	Monday - Dance - Celebration Session 5 Can you perform a dance about Christmas linking moves together fluently and in unison? Friday - KS1 Games 2 Session 6 Can you use your bouncing skills to play a game of Basketball?	Monday - Dance – Celebration Session 6 Can you practice and perform a dance based on celebrations? Can you describe and comment on others work explaining what you like and dislike and why?	
ICT		To use a digital device to take a photograph I can recognise what devices can be used to take photographs I can talk about how to take a photograph I can explain what I did to capture a digital photo	To make choices when taking a photograph I can explain the process of taking a good photograph I can take photos in both landscape and portrait format I can explain why a photo looks better in portrait or landscape format	To describe what makes a good photograph I can identify what is wrong with a photograph I can discuss how to take a good photograph I can improve a photograph by retaking it	To decide how photographs can be improved I can explore the effect that light has on a photo I can experiment with different light sources I can explain why a picture may be unclear	To use tools to change an image I can recognise that images can be changed I can use a tool to achieve a desired effect I can explain my choices	To recognise that photos can be changed I can apply a range of photography skills to capture a photo I can recognise which photos have been changed I can identify which photos are real and which have been changed	

Geography Where are the worlds people? What is a settlement? People live in settlements What affects where people live? What affects where people live? What affects where people live? What makes up a city? What makes up a city? What land uses are found What makes up a city? What land uses are found Where do people live Settlement?								
People live in settlements What land uses are found Where do people live settlement?								
Where do beoble live Settlement?								
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the planet What the differences are location for a settlement were different to								
between villages, towns Settlements today What the purpose of these How life is different for human features in a								
Where people are and cities What makes a bad location 'different land uses are neonle living in cities and settlement								
distributed globally Increasing numbers of I								
Which continents have the people live in cities What the ideal location for settlement where the pupil								
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<u>e-are-the-worlds-people-</u> Challenge question - <u>-arrects-where-people-live-</u> <u>nal.academy/lessons/how-</u> different-to-live-in-cdhp2e nal.academy/lessons/what								
6hj3er Adam lives in a place with Adam lives in a place with 68vkjt are-settlements-shaped- c4wp2r								
Challenge question - just 6 houses and one Challenge question - Why								
Where do the highest farm. Adam lives in a do you think that humans Challenge question - What settlement-c8v6ac								
population of people live? settled at Skara Brae 5,000 do you think is the Walk around Bodmin and								
years ago: settlement pattern of								
Bodmin? and physical features on a								
map.								
Draw symbols and key to								
label a sketched map								
PSHE/ RSE Children will learn that:								
We are created individually by God Cod wants us to talk to this often through the day and treat this as our best friend.								
 God wants us to talk to Him often through the day and treat Him as our best friend God has created us, His children, to know, love and serve Him 								
 We are created as a unity of body, mind and spirit: who we are matters and what we do matters 								
 We can give thanks to God in different ways 								
Unit 1 Unit 1 Unit 1 Unit 1 Unit 1								
Session 1: Let the children Sessio								
come come come come come								

Day 3 – Jesus knows us, cares for us and always has

time for us

Day 4 – The Kingdom of

Heaven

Day 5 – Thanking God in

body, mind and spirit

Day 1 – Jesus never leaves

us out

Day 2 – God welcomes us each individually